Predictors & Action Planning

South Carolina CASE Spring Institute
Postsecondary Transition:
Successfully Preparing the South Carolina Graduate

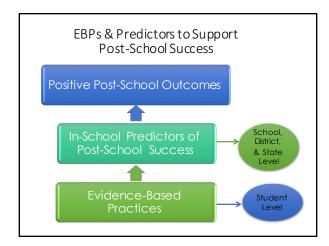
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Objectives

- Facilitate further discussion related to evaluation and implementation of the predictors of post-school success to support development and improvement of secondary transition programs
- Gain knowledge of and have an opportunity to begin action planning using the Predictor Implementation Self-Assessment developed by the National Technical Assistance Center on Transition

Administrator's Role in Transition

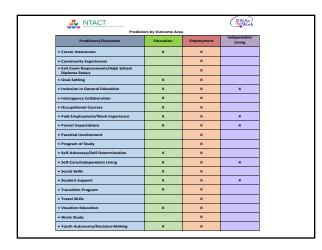
- Have current knowledge of what works in secondary transition for students with disabilities
- Understand how to effectively implement evidence-based practices
- Be aware of predictors of post-school success to ensure secondary transition programs are based on predictors
- Have tools for identifying key components currently or not being implementation that relate to predictors of post-school success



Predictors of Post-School Success

 A predictor is defined as an inschool experience, typically a program (e.g., a work-based learning experience) correlated with improved post-school outcomes.





Why Implement Predictors of Post-School Success?

Predictors provide:

- Evidence-based information to inform what we do while youth are in high school
- A framework to:
 - Evaluate, develop, and improve secondary transition programs and practices
 - Determine if transition programs are implementing effective practices to increase the likelihood youth with disabilities will achieve positive outcomes post-school

Predictor Application to Transition Planning and Instruction

- Provide stakeholders information about secondary transition program characteristics that have been empirically linked to improved post-school success for students with disabilities
- Can be used to:
 - · develop and expand programs
 - evaluate existing programs
- Can help IEP teams design transition services that are more likely to help students achieve their stated postschool goals

Is Your District Implementing Predictors of Post-School Success?

- To what extent is your district implementing predictors of post-school success for students in your district, school building, or classrooms?
- How can you assist schools in your district in determining the level of implementation?

Predictor Implementation School/ District Self-Assessment

| National Secondary Transition Technical Assistance Center University of North Corolina at Charlotte 2000 AUGUST AUG | |
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Predictor Self-Assessment: What it looks like

| Predictor | Operational Definition and | Degree of | Evidence of |
|-----------|---|----------------|----------------|
| Category | Essential Program Characteristics | Implementation | Implementation |
| Career | Career Awareness is learning about opportunities, education, and skills | | |
| Awareness | needed in various occupational pathways to choose a career that matches one's strengths and interests. | | |
| | Provide school-wide comprehensive and systematic opportunities to learn about various careers via job shadowing, internships, guest speakers, | | |

Using the Self-Assessment: Assess Your Degree of Implementation

Degree of Implementation Scale

- 1- Not Currently Being Implemented means students with disabilities with this predictor identified on their IEP or in their program of study $do\ not$ experience this program characteristic as described or $do\$
- $\textbf{2-} \ \ \textbf{Intermittent Implementation} \ \text{means} \ \textbf{25-50\%} \ \text{of students} \ \text{with disabilities} \ \text{with this predictor} \ \text{identified}$ on their IEP or in their program of study, experience this program characteristic as described. For example, implemented in some classrooms or schools but not frequently or with consistency.
- $\textbf{3-} \quad \textbf{Emerging Implementation} \ \text{means} \ 50\text{-}75\% \ \text{students} \ \text{with disabilities} \ \text{with this predictor} \ \text{identified on}$ their IEP or in their program of study receive this experience. For example, this is a priority in the school $% \left\{ \left(1\right) \right\} =\left\{ \left(1\right) \right\} =$ or district and that concerted efforts are being made to make these program characteristics available to $\,$ many students with disabilities or possibly through recently adopted policies or procedures or districtwide professional development.
- $\textbf{4- Currently Being Implemented} \ means \ most \ or \ all \ students \ with \ disabilities \ (e.g., 75\%=100\%) \ with \ this$ predictor identified on their IEP or in their program of study, experience this program characteristic as described. There is consistent implementation school or district wide.

Using the Self-Assessment: Assess Your Evidence of Implementation

Evidence of Implementation Scale (aligned with predictors of post-school success)

No Evidence (0)

- Weak Evidence (1):

 Written policies and/or procedures

 Articulated agreements within and across
- agencies
- Curriculum, instructional, or training materials
- Meeting agenda/notes

- Moderate Evidence (2):

 Teacher lesson plan/service plan

 IEP goal, objective, or transition services

 Transcripts

- Strong Evidence (3):

 Data collection forms, progress monitoring, or service notes, unit/lesson grades

 Work product, instructional artifact

 Program evaluation data supporting implementation

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Let's walk through it: Example Self-Determination Program Characteristics

- Utilize a student driven IEP process to allow students to demonstrate self-awareness, goal setting, problem solving, and self-advocacy.
- Collaborate with general education teachers to embed choices into the general curriculum and daily lessons and provide opportunities for students to practice self-determination skills.
- Teach students to self-monitor self-determination skills (e.g., accommodations and modifications) and provide opportunities for students to practice the self-monitoring strategy.

Note: See Predictor Self-Assessment hand-out for remaining characteristics

Let's walk through it: Degree of implementation

For each program characteristic, consider your evidence, and decide whether it is:

- 1. Not currently being implemented
- 2. Intermittent implementation
- 3. Emerging implementation
- 4. Currently being implemented

Let's walk through it: Degree of implementation

| Program Characteristic | Degree of Implementation |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Utilize a student driven IEP process to allow students to demonstrate self-awareness, goal setting, problem solving, and self-advocacy. | 1 |
| Collaborate with general education teachers to embed choices into the general curriculum and daily lessons and provide opportunities for students to practice self-determination skills. | 2 |
| Teach students to self-monitor self-determination skills (e.g., accommodations and modifications) and provide opportunities for students to practice the self-monitoring strategy. **As you work with students, take into consideration the cultural nuances involved in teaching self-determination skills and providing opportunities to develop self-determination to students from CLD backgrounds. | 4 |

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Using the Self-Assessment: Assess Your Evidence of Implementation

What evidence do you have to support your decision about the degree to which you are implementing the self-determination/self-advocacy predictor characteristic?

- No evidence
- Copies of curricula, copies of training materials, in some
 IFPs
- Referenced in school or district procedures and policies, documented in IEPs
- Consistent evidence of implementation and impact (e.g., documented in IEPs, program evaluation data, marketing materials)
- Others?

Think-Pair-Share with the Predictor Self-Assessment

- Work through at least one predictor (more than one if time permits)
- Take notes regarding questions or concerns as your team competes the task
- Consider the following as you discuss with your team:
 - Think about your stakeholder group and issues that might arise with implementation or scaling up
 - Discuss possible BARRIERS that might arise with this Phase
 - Discuss possible SOLUTIONS to problem-solving those harriers

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Time for Action: Guiding Questions

- How will you answer questions identified related to improving the outcomes of youth with disabilities?
 - How do I improve employment/education outcomes?
 - What practices am I currently implementing and how can they be improved?
 - What EBPs need to be implemented to improve the chance of youth obtaining positive outcomes?
 - What are the specific action steps we will take between now and our next meeting?
 - What resources do I need?
 - Who else needs to assist me?

How could you facilitate the conversation?

- As a group:
 - Refer back to data, what area(s) need improvement?
 - Prioritize area(s) of need.
 - · Choose one Predictor based on priority
 - Rate the implementation status for each of the characteristics listed
 - Identify which characteristics are not currently being implemented
 - Is this a state, district, or school level action?
 - Think about if state/district/school has the resources to implement the characteristics and the time it will take to get it up and running
 - Of these characteristics, choose one to take action on

Resources for Secondary Transition Predictors & EBPs

- National Technical Assistance Center on Transition (NTACT) http://www.transitionta.org/
- National Autism Professional Development Center
 - http://www.autisminternetmodules.org/user_login.php
- National Autism Center http://www.nationalautismcenter.org/
- Best Evidence Encyclopedia http://www.bestevidence.org/

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